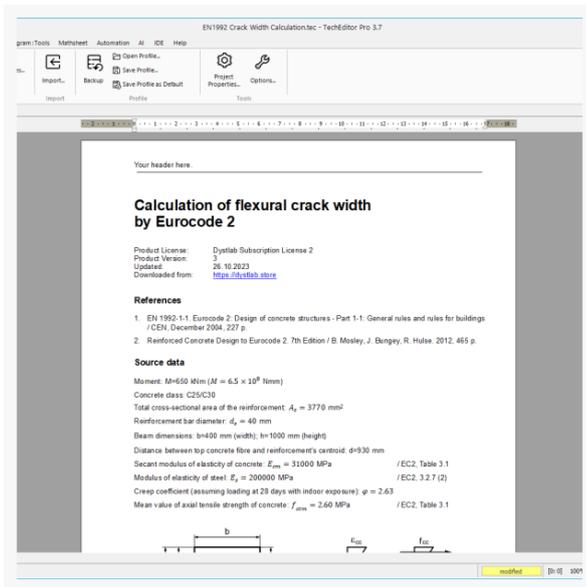


0017. Розрахунок ширини розкриття тріщин за Єврокодом 2. ГОТОВИЙ звіт з автоматичним розрахунком



Вступ

Ready-to-use technical report with text, formulas, images, references, and **in-built mathematical automation**.

{ module 347 }

Опис

Ready-to-use technical report with text, formulas, images, references, and **in-built mathematical automation**.

All calculations are provided in accordance with EN 1992-1-1 (Eurocode 2: Design of concrete structures - Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings).

Contents

- Source data
- Creep effect
- Calculate the neutral axis depth

- Calculate the stress in the tension steel
- Find an effective tension zone
- Calculate strains
- Calculate the maximum crack spacing
- Calculate crack width

Відео

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Завантаження

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Специфікація

Загальні	
Мова	english
Файли	
Розмір файлу (МБ)	0..20
Умови отримання	
План підписки	paid
Інженерні	
Матеріал	reinforced concrete
Стандарти / Норми	Eurocode

Product Gallery

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Calculation of flexural crack width by Eurocode 2

Product License: Dystlab Subscription License 2
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References

- EN 1992-1-1 Eurocode 2: Design of concrete structures - Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings / CEN, December 2004, 227 p.
- Reinforced Concrete Design to Eurocode 2, 7th Edition / B. Mosley, J. Bungey, R. Hulse, 2012, 465 p.

Source data

Moment: $M=650 \text{ kNm}$ ($M = 6.5 \times 10^8 \text{ Nmm}$)
 Concrete class: C25/C30
 Total cross-sectional area of the reinforcement: $A_s = 3770 \text{ mm}^2$
 Reinforcement bar diameter: $d_s = 40 \text{ mm}$
 Beam dimensions: $b=400 \text{ mm}$ (width); $h=1000 \text{ mm}$ (height)
 Distance between top concrete fibre and reinforcement's centroid: $d=930 \text{ mm}$
 Secant modulus of elasticity of concrete: $E_{cm} = 31000 \text{ MPa}$ / EC2, Table 3.1
 Modulus of elasticity of steel: $E_s = 200000 \text{ MPa}$ / EC2, 3.2.7 (2)
 Creep coefficient (assuming loading at 28 days with indoor exposure): $\varphi = 2.63$
 Mean value of axial tensile strength of concrete: $f_{ctm} = 2.60 \text{ MPa}$ / EC2, Table 3.1

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1 Creep effect

The effect of creep will be to increase deflections with time and thus should be allowed for in the calculations by using an effective modulus E_{eff} , using the equation [1, 2]

$$E_{eff} = \frac{E_{cm}}{1 + \varphi(\infty, t_0)} = \frac{31000}{1 + 2.63} = 8539.9 \text{ MPa}$$

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where $\varphi = 2.63$ — creep coefficient; $t_0 = 28$ — concrete age at time loading, days.

2 Calculate the neutral axis depth

Calculate ratio α_s

$$\alpha_s = \frac{E_s}{E_{eff}} = \frac{200000}{8539.9} = 23.42$$

Calculate the neutral axis depth of the cracked section. Taking moments about the neutral axis:

$$b \cdot x \cdot \frac{x}{2} - \alpha_s A_s (d - x) = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{-r + \sqrt{r^2 + s}}{b}$$

where

$$r = P_1 \cdot P_2 - P_1 \cdot P_2 = 88290.97 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$s = 2P_3 \cdot P_1 \cdot P_2 \cdot P_4 = 2P_3 \cdot P_1 \cdot P_2 \cdot P_4 = 6.569 \times 10^{10}$$

$$x = \frac{-r + \sqrt{r^2 + s}}{b} = \frac{-88290.97 + \sqrt{88290.97^2 + 6.569 \times 10^{10}}}{400} = 456.97 \text{ mm}$$

3 Calculate the stress in the tension steel

Taking moments about the level of the compressive force in the concrete:

$$\sigma_s = \frac{M}{A_s(d - x/3)} = \frac{6.5 \times 10^8}{3770(930 - 456.97/3)} = 221.70 \text{ MPa}$$

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6 Calculate the maximum crack spacing

Concrete cover (to main bars):

$$c = h - d - \frac{d_s}{2} = 1000 - 930 - \frac{40}{2} = 50 \text{ mm}$$

Coefficients:

- $k_1 = 0.80$ (for ribbed bars);
- $k_2 = 0.50$ (for flexure).

Hence, maximum crack spacing

$$s_{r,max} = 3.4 \cdot c + \frac{0.425 \cdot k_1 \cdot k_2 \cdot d_s}{\rho_{eff}} = 3.4 \cdot 50 + \frac{0.425 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 40}{0.054} = 296.26 \text{ mm}$$

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7 Calculate crack width

Crack width:

$$w_k = s_{r,max} \times (\epsilon_{sm} - \epsilon_{cm}) = 296.26 \times 0.0010 = 0.290 \text{ mm}$$

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